The aims of this study are to determine the success rate of women farmers groups in implementing the P2KP-KRPL program and determine the factors that influence the success of women farmers groups in implementing the P2KP-KRPL program. The method that used is descriptive analysis method. Women farmers groups samples are 10 groups that implement the P2KP-KRPL program in 2013, from each sample taken disproportionately method by taking five officers and three members, so the samples for this study are 80 persons. Data were collected through interviews and observation methods. The success of P2KP-KRPL program in Sleman district is classified in high rate. Results of study based on B2SA food consumption are viewed by each indicators. On diversity of staple foods is very low, vegetables consumption is very high, consumption of side dishes is very high, consumption of fruits is high, and use natural pesticides is very high. Factors that definitely affect the success of the P2KP-KRPL program are presence of officers factor, presence of members factor, frequency of presence the instructor factor and the last is delivery of content by the instructor factor.

Keywords: Level of success, P2KP-KRPL program, women farmers groups